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under chapter 24 of the Internal Revenue Code and, as of the time the statement was made, there was no reasonable basis for the statement, the individual shall pay a penalty of \$500 for the statement. The penalty is due upon notice and demand and pursuant to section 6682 collection is not subject to the deficiency procedures of subchapter B of chapter 63 of the Internal Revenue Code. See section 6682.

- (B) Waiver of penalty. The payee may obtain a waiver (in whole or part) of the penalty imposed under section 6682(a) and paragraph (k)(2)(ii)(A) of this section if it is established to the satisfaction of the Internal Revenue Service that the taxes imposed under subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to the payee for the taxable year in which the false certification was made are equal to or less than the sum of—
- (1) The credits against taxes allowed by part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code, and
- (2) The payments of estimated tax which are considered payments on account of such taxes.
- (C) Procedure for seeking a waiver. To request a waiver under section 6682(b) and paragraph (k)(2)(ii)(B) of this section, the payee must submit to the Internal Revenue Service a written statement with supporting documents to establish all the facts necessary in order to obtain the waiver. The statement must be signed by the person that otherwise would be subject to the penalty imposed by section 6682(a) and paragraph (k)(2)(ii)(A) of this section and must contain a declaration that it is made under penalties of perjury.
- (3) Delay of assessment. If a payee institutes or maintains a suit with the United States Tax Court primarily to delay assessment and the payee's position is frivolous or groundless, or the payee unreasonably failed to pursue available administrative remedies, the court may award up to \$5,000 in damages under section 6673. The damages will be assessed against and collected from the payee in the same manner as the underlying tax.

(1) Effective Date. This section is effective until December 31, 1996.

[T.D. 8137, 52 FR 13432, Apr. 23, 1987, as amended at 60 FR 66134, Dec. 21, 1995; 61 FR 11308, Mar. 20, 1996]

PART 36—CONTRACT COVERAGE OF EMPLOYEES OF FOREIGN SUBSIDIARIES

Sec.

36.3121(1)-0 Introduction.

36.3121(1)(1)-1 Agreements entered into by domestic corporations with respect to foreign subsidiaries.

36.3121(1)(1)-2 Amendment of agreement.

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36.3121(1)(3)-1 Termination of agreement by domestic corporation or by reason of change in stock ownership.

36.3121(1)(4)-1 Termination of agreement by Commissioner.

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36.3121(1)(7)-1 Overpayments and underpayments.

36.3121(1)(8)-1 Definition of foreign subsidiary.

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36.3121(1)(10)-1 Requirements in respect of liability under agreement.

36.3121(1)(10)-2 Identification.

36.3121(1)(10)-3 Returns.

36.3121(1)(10)-4 Payment of amounts equivalent to tax.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 3121, 7805, 68A Stat. 417, as amended, 917; 26 U.S.C. 3121, 7805.

Source: T.D. 6145, 20 FR 6577, Sept. 8, 1955; 25 FR 14021, Dec. 31, 1960, unless otherwise noted.

$\S 36.3121(1)-0$ Introduction.

(a) The regulations in this part deal with the circumstances under which a domestic corporation may enter into an agreement with the Internal Revenue Service for the purpose of extending the insurance system established by title II of the Social Security Act to certain services performed outside the United States by citizens of the United States as employees of a foreign subsidiary of the domestic corporation, and with the obligations of a domestic corporation which enters into such an agreement. The provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, to which the regulations in this part pertain are contained in section 3121(1).

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The liabilities assumed under an agreement entered into pursuant to such section are based on the remuneration for services covered by the agreement. Such agreement may not be effective prior to January 1, 1955.

(b) Although the obligations incurred under an agreement entered into pursuant to section 3121(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended. must be distinguished from the obligations imposed on employers with respect to the taxes under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act, the two are similar in many respects. Accordingly, the regulations in this part are prescribed as a supplement to the regulations (26 CFR (1954), Part 31, Subpart B) relating to the employee tax and the employer tax imposed by the Federal Insurance Contributions Act. The terms used in the regulations in this part have the same meaning, unless otherwise provided, as when used in the regulations relating to the taxes imposed by such act.

(c) The regulations in this part constitute Part 36 of title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations. As used in the regulations in this part, the word "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and the term "Federal Insurance Contributions Act" means chapter 21 of such Code. All references to sections of law are references to the Code unless otherwise indicated. The number of each section of the regulations begins with 36 followed by a decimal point (36.). Numbers which do not begin with 36 followed by a decimal point are numbers of sections of law unless otherwise indicated. In identifying sections of regulations, the symbol "\s" is used.

[T.D. 6145, 25 FR 14021, Dec. 31, 1960, as amended by T.D. 7012, 34 FR 7693, May 15, 1969; T.D. 7665, 45 FR 6090, Jan. 25, 1980]

§36.3121(l)(1)-1 Agreements entered into by domestic corporations with respect to foreign subsidiaries.

(a) In general. (1) Any domestic corporation having one or more foreign subsidiaries may request the Internal Revenue Service to enter into an agreement for the purpose of extending the Federal old-age, survivors, and disability insurance system established by title II of the Social Security Act to

certain services performed outside the United States by all citizens of the United States who are employees of any such foreign subsidiary. See 36.3121(1)(8)-1, relating to the definition of foreign subsidiary. Except as provided in §36.3121(1)(5)-1, relating to the effect of the termination of an agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of section 3121(1), the Internal Revenue Service shall, at the request of a domestic corporation enter into such agreement on Form 2032 in any case where a Form 2032 is executed, and submitted by the domestic corporation in the manner prescribed in this section. A domestic corporation may not have in effect at the same moment of time more than one agreement on Form 2032.

(2) An agreement authorized in section 3121(1)(1) may not be made applicable to any services performed outside the United States which would not constitute employment, for purposes of the taxes imposed under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act. if the services were performed within the United States. Thus, such an agreement shall have no application with respect to any services performed outside the United States which, if performed within the United States, would be specifically excepted from employment under any of the numbered paragraphs of section 3121(b), or which, although not so excepted, would be deemed not to be employment by application of section 3121(c), relating to included and excluded services. Further, an agreement may not be made applicable with respect to any services performed outside the United States which constitute employment, as defined in section 3121(b). Thus, an agreement may not be made applicable to services for any employer performed by any employee on or in connection with an American vessel or American aircraft when outside the United States, if (i) performed under a contract of service which is entered into within the United States or (ii) during the performance of which and while the employee is employed on the vessel or aircraft it touches at a port in the United States. because such services constitute employment as defined in section 3121(b).